XMT*-308 Series intellgence digital temperature control instrument

Instruction Manual

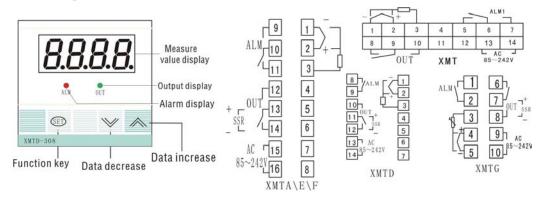
I. Summarize

XMT*-308 series intelligent temperature controller, is single row 4-LED display. The controller can input kinds of signals which are used interchangeably, three-button operation, adopts ON/OFF control and PID control. It can select Fahrenheit and degree centigrade temperature display. It allows an easy parameter setting and convenient inputting, is used widely temperature automatic control systems of machinery, chemical, ceramics, light industrial, metallurgy, petrifaction and heat treatment and so on.

II. Main Technical Indexs

- 1. Measurement deviation : ±0.5F·S±1B, Cold end compensating deviation ≤±2°C
- 2. Input (can be selected): Cu50, Pt100, K, E, J, T, S
- 3. Relay output contact capacity: AC220V 7A (resistance load) period 2 ~120s can be adjusted
- 4. Driving solid relay signal output: driving electric current >15m A voltage >9V, period is 2s
- 5. Power: AC85V~242V, 50/60Hz
- 6. Work environment: temperature 0~50.0°C, relative humidity ≤85%RH, without corrode and strong electric radiation.

III. Instrument panel and connection scheme (consult)

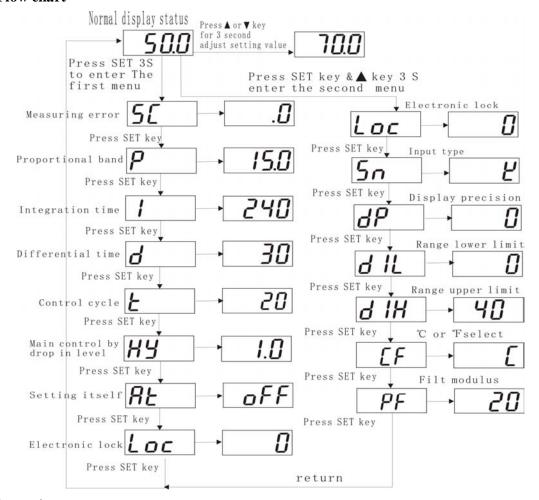


IV. Technical Indexes

Series		Attention	Name	Setting range	Remark	Ex-
				8 8		Factory
	0	-	Setting value of	Determined by	Press ▲ or ▼ for 3 seconds and set the temperature	
			temperat.	d IL and d IH	setting value you need	1
First	1	AL	Uper limit	Determined by	-	Random
	2	50	Sensor error amendment	-20.0 ~ 20.0	Measuring value can be modified through increasing or decreasing this data.	0

	3	Р	Proportion modulus	0~99.9~200	When the P \uparrow , the proportion and differential function \uparrow ; If the P \downarrow , the proportion and differential function \downarrow When P=0, the meter is ON/OFF control.	15.0
Menu	4	*	Calculus time	0~3000	It's used to adjust static difference. To increse it, the static difference will be reduced, but when it is too high, the static difference will drift instability.	240
	5	d	Differential time	0 ~ 200	It's used to adjust the overshoot in the First time, to increase it can reduce the overshoot.	30
	6	Ŀ	Control period	2~ 120s	Control output period	20
	7	НS	Main control by drop in level	0.1 ~ 50.0	It only controls at ON/OFF	1.0
	8	ЯŁ	Parameter setting itself	on _o FF	• FF: close function of setting itself; • On: open function of setting itself; Please reffer to "6.4. Setting itself"	oFF
	9	Loc	Electronics lock	0~50	LOC=0 all the parameter can be revised LOC=1 only the appointed data can be revised	0
	9	Loc	Electronics lock	0~50	idem	0
Second	10	Sn	Input type	-	Input type Max. temperature rang Cu50 (-50~150°C / -90~270°F), Pt100 (-199~600°C/ -199~999°F), K (-30~1300°C/ -54~2340°F), E (-30~700°C / -54~1260°F), J (-30~900°C / -54~1620°F), T (-199~400°C / -199~720°F), S (-30~1600°C/ -54~2880°F)	K
	11	dР	point	0~1	dP = 0 display no point $dP = 1$ display point	0
Menu	12	d IL	Set min. value of temp. range	d IL ≤ d IH	They are used to reset proper temperature range as per user's application. As for the max. temperature	0
	13	в IX [F	Set upper limit °C or °F	_	range for different inputs, please refer to 5 n L: °C F: °F	400
	15	PF	select Filt modulus	0~50	It is the software filter constant of measurement sampling. The constant ↑, the measurement antijamming capability ↑, but the measurement speed and system response time ↓	20

V. Flow chart



VI. Operation

- 1. Electrify after take into the power, sensor ang control circuit according to the connection scheme, and then the instrument start testing itself for 1 second.
- 2. Set the setting value

Press \blacktriangle or \blacktriangledown key 3 second enter to the setting value states. Press \blacktriangle or \blacktriangledown key to modify, for long time to press the key can accelerate. After modification, press SET to save and exit. If you don't do this operation, it can be done itself.

- 3. Interior Technical parameter setting (Technical parameter refer to the sheet)
 - (1) The first menu

Press SET key 3 second enter into the first menu, the window display parameter code then display parameter value. Press ▲ or ▼ key to modify for long time to press the key can accelerate. After modification, press SET key to save and enter into next Indexs setting, if you don't do this operation, it can be done itself.

(2)The second menu

Press SET and \(\bigcap \) key to enter into the second menu, and the setting method is the same as the first menu.

4. Set by itself

First, set the setting value, and enter the menu, set RE to OO, and the light turn on, the meter enter the condition setting itself, this time the meter adopt on/off control mode, after three times surge first time, measure value and REO display by turns; second time, measure value and REO display by turns), the meter confirm new P, I, I and save it, the meter reset and (display BBBB, EI by turns) enter control condition.

VII Model Sense

XMT
$$\Box$$
 $-$ 3 \Box 8 \Box 1 2 3 4 5

1: External size and Installation hole (mm)

Empty:	160x80x90	152x76	A:	96x96x90	92x92
D:	72x72x90	68x68	E :	48x96x90	44x92
F:	96x48x90	92x44	G:	48x48x100	44x44
S:	80x160x90	76x152	B :	60x120x90	56x116
C :	80x120x35 wa	ll set installation	FC:	77x35x76	71x29
-	25 557				

L: 35mm DIN guide rail instalation

- **2: Operation display method:** "3" 3-key soft push-switch setting, single row digital display, have PID adjustment or ON/OFF control
- **3:** An additional alarm "0":indicates no alarm "1" upper limit touch alarm "2" lower limit touch alarm
- **4: Input signal classification** "8" input signal can interchange free
- **5: Suffix Empty**: relay output **G:** solid state relay output **A:** mono-phase over zero trigger output **VIII Fault Analysis and Clearance**

XMT*-308 adopts advanced production process, and has the strict test before leaving factory, it improve the reliability of the meter .The usual fault is caused by the wrong operation or parameter setting .If you find the fault couldn't be cope with, please record it, and contact with the agent or us. Sheet 8-1 is the usual fault of XMT*-308 in the daily application:

Sheet 1 Common fault handling

Fault symptom	Analysis of causes	Disposal measurement		
Abnormal power	poor contact of power cord power switch without lose	Check the power		
Signal display do not correlate with the facts. (display 'HH'or'LL')	Sensor model mismatch wrong signal connection	check sensor model and meter interior input parameter check signal wire		
Abnormal output control	1. wrong connecting output wire	1. check output connection		

Attached 1: Statement of meter's parameter attention letter and English letter

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J	К	L	М
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N	О	Р	Q	R	s	Т	U	Υ				
n	0	Ρ	9	٢	5	Ł	U	5				

★ Remark :Our company will continue to improve product technology, design and specification. If change, please subject to the material object, without notice.